House File 24 - Introduced

HOUSE FILE 24
BY HUNTER

A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to firearm violence protective orders and
- 2 making penalties applicable.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

- 1 Section 1. Section 724.26, subsection 2, paragraph a, Code
- 2 2021, is amended to read as follows:
- 3 a. Except as provided in paragraph b'', a person who is
- 4 subject to a protective order under 18 U.S.C. §922(g)(8) or who
- 5 has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence
- 6 under 18 U.S.C. §922(q)(9) and who knowingly possesses,
- 7 ships, transports, or receives a firearm, offensive weapon, or
- 8 ammunition and who is any of the following is guilty of a class
- 9 "D" felony-:
- 10 (1) Is subject to a protective order under 18 U.S.C.
- 11 §922(g)(8).
- 12 (2) Has been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic
- 13 violence under 18 U.S.C. §922(g)(9).
- 14 (3) Is subject to a firearm violence protective order under
- 15 chapter 724A.
- 16 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 724A.1 Definitions.
- 17 For purposes of this chapter, unless the context clearly
- 18 indicates otherwise:
- 19 1. "Firearm violence protective order" means a court order
- 20 issued pursuant to this chapter prohibiting a person from
- 21 possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms,
- 22 offensive weapons, or ammunition.
- 23 2. "Immediate family member" means all of the following of
- 24 a respondent:
- 25 a. Spouse.
- 26 b. Natural or adoptive parent, child, or sibling.
- 27 c. Stepparent, stepchild, or stepsibling.
- 28 d. Father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law,
- 29 daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law.
- 30 e. Grandparent or grandchild.
- 31 3. "Law enforcement officer" means the same as defined in
- 32 section 80B.3.
- 33 4. "Respondent" means a person against whom a petition is
- 34 filed under this chapter.

- 1 Sec. 3. <u>NEW SECTION</u>. **724A.2** Temporary emergency firearm 2 violence protective order.
- When the court is unavailable from the close of business
- 4 at the end of the day or week to the resumption of business
- 5 at the beginning of the next day or week, a law enforcement
- 6 officer may orally contact a district judge or district
- 7 associate judge designated by the chief judge of the judicial
- 8 district, who may grant temporary emergency relief if the
- 9 district judge or district associate judge finds that there is
- 10 reasonable cause to believe all of the following:
- ll a. The respondent poses an immediate and present danger
- 12 of causing physical injury to the respondent's self or others
- 13 by possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms,
- 14 offensive weapons, or ammunition.
- 15 b. A temporary emergency firearm violence protective order
- 16 is necessary to prevent physical injury to the respondent's
- 17 self or others because less restrictive alternatives either
- 18 have been tried and found to be ineffective or are determined
- 19 to be inadequate or inappropriate for the respondent's
- 20 circumstances.
- 21 2. A temporary emergency firearm violence protective order
- 22 issued pursuant to this section shall prohibit the respondent
- 23 from possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms,
- 24 offensive weapons, or ammunition or attempting to possess,
- 25 ship, transport, or receive firearms, offensive weapons, or
- 26 ammunition, and shall expire twenty-one days from the date the
- 27 order is issued.
- 28 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 724A.3 Ex parte temporary firearm
- 29 violence protective order.
- 30 l. An immediate family member or a law enforcement officer
- 31 may file a petition requesting that the court issue an ex parte
- 32 firearm violence protective order enjoining the respondent from
- 33 possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms,
- 34 offensive weapons, or ammunition.
- 35 2. A court shall issue an ex parte temporary firearm

js/rh

- 1 violence protective order if the petition, supported by a
- 2 written affidavit signed by the petitioner under oath and any
- 3 additional information, shows a substantial likelihood that all
- 4 of the following conditions exist:
- 5 a. The respondent poses a significant danger, in the near
- 6 future, of causing physical injury to the respondent's self
- 7 or others by possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving
- 8 firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition as determined by
- 9 evidence of any of the following:
- 10 (1) A recent threat of violence or act of violence by the
- ll respondent directed toward the respondent's self or others.
- 12 For the purposes of this subparagraph, "recent" means within the
- 13 last six months prior to the date the petition was filed.
- 14 (2) A pattern of violent acts or violent threats within the
- 15 past twelve months, including but not limited to threats of
- 16 violence or acts of violence by the respondent directed toward
- 17 the respondent's self or others.
- 18 (3) The unlawful and reckless use, display, or brandishing
- 19 of a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition by the
- 20 respondent.
- 21 (4) Other evidence indicating an increased risk of violence
- 22 by the respondent.
- 23 b. An ex parte temporary firearm violence protective order
- 24 is necessary to prevent physical injury to the respondent's
- 25 self or others because less restrictive alternatives have
- 26 been tried and found to be ineffective, or are determined to
- 27 be inadequate or inappropriate for the circumstances of the
- 28 respondent.
- 29 3. If the court determines that grounds exist to issue an ex
- 30 parte temporary firearm violence protective order, the court
- 31 shall issue an ex parte temporary firearm violence protective
- 32 order that prohibits the respondent from possessing, shipping,
- 33 transporting, or receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or
- 34 ammunition, or attempting to possess, ship, transport, or
- 35 receive firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition, and that

js/rh

- 1 expires not later than twenty-one days from the date the order
- 2 is issued.
- Within twenty-one days from the date the order is issued,
- 4 the court shall hold a hearing to determine if a firearm
- 5 violence protective order should be issued for a period of one
- 6 year pursuant to section 724A.4.
- 7 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 724A.4 Firearm violence protective
- 8 order notice and hearing.
- 9 1. Subsequent to the issuance of an ex parte firearm
- 10 violence protective order pursuant to section 724A.3, an
- 11 immediate family member or a law enforcement officer may
- 12 request the court, after notice and a hearing, to issue a
- 13 firearm violence protective order enjoining the respondent from
- 14 possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms,
- 15 offensive weapons, or ammunition for a period of one year.
- 16 2. In determining whether to issue a firearm violence
- 17 protective order under this section, the court shall consider
- 18 evidence of any of the following:
- 19 a. A recent threat of violence or act of violence by the
- 20 respondent directed toward the respondent's self or others.
- 21 For the purposes of this paragraph, "recent" means within the
- 22 last six months prior to the date the petition was filed.
- 23 b. A pattern of violent acts or violent threats within the
- 24 past twelve months, including but not limited to threats of
- 25 violence or acts of violence by the respondent directed toward
- 26 the respondent's self or others.
- 27 c. The unlawful and reckless use, display, or brandishing of
- 28 a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition by the respondent.
- 29 d. Other evidence indicating an increased risk for violence
- 30 by the respondent.
- 31 3. At the hearing, the petitioner shall have the burden
- 32 of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, all of the
- 33 following:
- 34 a. The respondent poses a significant danger of personal
- 35 injury to the respondent's self or others by possessing,

- 1 shipping, transporting, or receiving firearms, offensive
- 2 weapons, or ammunition.
- 3 b. A firearm violence protective order is necessary to
- 4 prevent physical injury to the respondent's self or others
- 5 because less restrictive alternatives have been tried and
- 6 found to be ineffective or are determined to be inadequate or
- 7 inappropriate for the respondent's circumstances.
- 8 c. (1) If the court finds that there is clear and
- 9 convincing evidence to issue a firearm violence protective
- 10 order, the court shall issue a firearm violence protective
- ll order that prohibits the respondent from having in the
- 12 respondent's custody or control, or owning, purchasing,
- 13 possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive,
- 14 a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition, and that expires
- 15 one year from the date of the order.
- 16 (2) If the court finds that there is not clear and
- 17 convincing evidence to support the issuance of a firearm
- 18 violence protective order, the court shall dissolve any
- 19 temporary emergency or ex parte firearm violence protective
- 20 order then in effect.
- 21 Sec. 6. NEW SECTION. 724A.5 Judicial branch forms and
- 22 rules.
- 23 The supreme court shall prescribe standard forms and rules
- 24 necessary or expedient to carry out the intent and purposes of
- 25 this chapter.
- 26 EXPLANATION
- 27 The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with
- the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 29 This bill relates to firearm violence protective orders and
- 30 makes penalties applicable.
- 31 The bill establishes three categories of firearm violence
- 32 protective orders: (1) a temporary emergency firearm violence
- 33 protective order (available outside of regular court hours),
- 34 (2) an ex parte firearm violence protective order, and (3)
- 35 a firearm violence protective order issued after notice and

1 hearing. TEMPORARY EMERGENCY FIREARM VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER. 3 The bill provides that a law enforcement officer may seek 4 a temporary emergency firearm protective order by orally 5 contacting a judicial officer. A court may issue a temporary 6 emergency firearm protective order if a judicial officer 7 finds there is reasonable cause to believe that a person 8 poses an immediate and present danger of physical injury to 9 the respondent's self or others by possessing, shipping, 10 transporting, or receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or 11 ammunition and that a temporary emergency firearm violence 12 protective order is necessary to prevent physical injury to 13 the respondent's self or others because less restrictive 14 alternatives have been tried and found to be ineffective or 15 are determined to be inadequate or inappropriate for the 16 respondent's circumstances. A temporary emergency firearm 17 violence protective order issued under the bill shall prohibit 18 the respondent from possessing, shipping, transporting, 19 or receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition or 20 attempting to possess, ship, transport, or receive a firearm, 21 offensive weapon, or ammunition, and expires 21 days from the 22 date the order is issued. EX PARTE TEMPORARY FIREARM VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER. 23 24 immediate family member of a respondent or a law enforcement 25 officer may file a petition requesting the court to issue an 26 ex parte temporary firearm violence protective order enjoining 27 the respondent from possessing, shipping, transporting, or 28 receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition. A 29 court shall issue an ex parte temporary firearm violence 30 protective order if the petition, supported by an affidavit 31 made in writing and any additional information and signed by 32 the petitioner under oath, shows a substantial likelihood 33 that the respondent poses a significant danger, in the

34 near future, of physical injury to the respondent's self or 35 others by possessing, shipping, transporting, or receiving

-6-

1 firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition as determined by 2 certain evidence including threats of or acts of violence by 3 the respondent, and that the order is necessary to prevent 4 physical injury to the respondent's self or others because 5 less restrictive alternatives have been tried and found 6 to be ineffective, or are determined to be inadequate or 7 inappropriate for the circumstances of the respondent. If the 8 court issues an ex parte temporary firearm violence protective 9 order that prohibits the respondent from possessing, shipping, 10 transporting, or receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or 11 ammunition, or attempting to possess, ship, transport, or 12 receive firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition, the order 13 expires not later than 21 days from the date the order is 14 issued. Within 21 days after the date the order is issued, the 15 court shall hold a hearing to determine if a firearm violence 16 protective order should be issued for a period of one year. FIREARM VIOLENCE PROTECTIVE ORDER - NOTICE AND HEARING. 17 18 Subsequent to the issuance of an ex parte firearm violence 19 protective order, an immediate family member or a law 20 enforcement officer may request the court, after notice and a 21 hearing, to issue a firearm violence protective order enjoining 22 the respondent from possessing, shipping, transporting, or 23 receiving firearms, offensive weapons, or ammunition for a 24 period of one year. The court may consider additional evidence 25 to determine whether to issue a firearm violence protective 26 order for a period of one year. The evidentiary requirements 27 and standard of review are similar to those required for an ex 28 parte firearm violence protective order. 29 PENALTIES. Under current Code section 724.26, a person who 30 is the subject of a domestic abuse protective order or who has 31 been convicted of a misdemeanor crime of domestic violence 32 under federal law who knowingly possesses, ships, transports, 33 or receives a firearm, offensive weapon, or ammunition is 34 guilty of a class "D" felony. The bill expands this category 35 of persons to include a person who is the subject of a firearm

js/rh

- 1 violence protective order under the bill. A class "D" felony
- 2 is punishable by confinement for no more than five years and
- 3 a fine of at least \$1,025 but not more than \$10,245. The bill
- 4 makes applicable certain provisions contained in Code section
- 5 724.26 relating to the surrender of any firearm, offensive
- 6 weapon, or ammunition in the possession of a prohibited person
- 7 under the bill, including certain transfer, sale, reporting
- 8 information, and the return of any firearms, offensive weapons,
- 9 and ammunition to the person upon the expiration of the firearm
- 10 protective order.
- 11 RULES. The bill requires the supreme court to prescribe
- 12 forms and rules necessary to carry out the intent and purposes
- 13 of the bill.